



Grange Park Parish Council

Sexual and Personal Harassment Policy & Procedure

Definitions used in this Document

Employee/Colleagues	All members of staff who work for Grange Park Parish Council whether they are part time, full time, casual workers.
GPPC/The Council	Grange Park Parish Council.
Monitoring Officer	Senior officer of the Council who has statutory responsibility for maintaining the Members' Register of Interests and who is responsible for administering the Council's Arrangements in respect of complaints of alleged Councillor misconduct.

Introduction

Grange Park Parish Council (GPPC) recognise that harassment and victimisation is unlawful under the Equality Act 2010. As such, harassment or victimisation on the grounds of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy or maternity, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.

We deplore all forms of personal harassment and seek to ensure that the working environment is sympathetic to all our employees.

Background

From October 2024 new legislation (s40A Equality Act 2010) places greater responsibility and legal requirements on all employers, to take proactive steps to reduce the risk of sexual harassment at work.

Policy Aims

The aim of this policy is to:

- inform employees of the type of behaviour that is unacceptable,
- provide employees who are the victims of personal harassment with a means of redress,
- and provide details on how to access specialist support and help.

This policy covers harassment of and by all employees engaged to work at the Council. Should contractors, the public, visitors, volunteers or customers have a complaint connected to their engagement with GPPC, they should contact the Parish Clerk, in the first instance.

Should the complaint be about the Parish Clerk, the complaint should be raised to the Chair of the Council.

GPPC recognise that we have a duty to implement this policy and all employees are expected to comply with it.

Types of Personal Harassment

Personal harassment takes many forms ranging from tasteless jokes and abusive remarks to pestering for sexual favours, threatening behaviour and actual physical abuse. For the purposes of this policy, it also includes bullying.

Bullying is understood to be targeted and persistent offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour and can include the abuse or misuse of power to undermine, humiliate, denigrate or injure the recipient.

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Whatever form it takes, personal harassment is always taken seriously and is totally unacceptable.

GPPC recognise that personal harassment can exist in the workplace, as well as outside, and that this can seriously affect employees' working lives by interfering with their job performance or by creating a stressful, intimidating and unpleasant working environment for employees.

Examples of Personal Harassment

Personal harassment takes many forms and employees may not always realise that their behaviour constitutes harassment.

Personal harassment is unwanted behaviour by one person (or a group of people) towards another and examples of harassment include:

- insensitive jokes and pranks
- lewd or abusive comments
- deliberate exclusion from conversations
- displaying abusive or offensive writing or material
- abusive, threatening or insulting words or behaviour
- name-calling
- picking on someone or setting them up to fail
- exclusion or victimisation
- undermining their contribution/position
- demanding a greater work output than is reasonably feasible
- blocking promotion or other development/advancement.

These examples are not exhaustive and disciplinary action at the appropriate level will be taken against employees committing any form of personal harassment.

Examples of Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment can take place in many forms within the workplace and can go undetected for a period of time where employees do not understand that particular behaviour is classed as sexual harassment.

Sexual harassment is unwanted behaviour related to sex, or of a sexual nature, by one person (or a group of people) towards another and examples of sexual harassment include:

- lewd or abusive comments of a sexual nature such as regarding an individual's appearance or body
- unwelcome touching of a sexual nature
- displaying sexually suggestive or sexually offensive writing or material
- asking questions of a sexual nature
- sexual propositions or advances, whether made in writing or verbally.

Sexual harassment can also take place where an employee is treated less favourably because they have rejected, or submitted to, the unwanted conduct that is related to sex or is of a sexual nature. Whether less favourable treatment occurs as a result will be examined broadly and includes areas such as blocking promotion and refusal of training opportunities or other development opportunities.

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Examples of Victimisation

Victimisation takes place when an employee is treated unfavourably as a direct result of raising a genuine complaint of discrimination or harassment. Furthermore, any employee who supports or assists another employee to raise a complaint is also subjected to victimisation if they are treated unfavourably.

Third Party Harassment

The Council operates a zero tolerance policy in relation to harassment perpetrated against one of its employees by a third party, such as a client/customer or visitor to GPPC. All employees are encouraged to report any and all instances of harassment that involve a third party in line with our reporting procedure, as outlined below.

If GPPC find that the allegation is well-founded, we will take steps we deem necessary in order to remedy this complaint. This can include, but is not limited to:

- warning the individual about the inappropriate nature of their behaviour
- banning the individual from Organisation premises
- reporting the individual's actions to the police.

In addition to this, the Council will endeavour to take all reasonable steps to deter and prevent any form of harassment from third parties taking place.

Responsibilities

Employee Responsibilities

- The Council requires its employees to behave appropriately and professional at all times during the working day, and this may extend to events outside of working hours which are classed as work-related such as social events.
- Employees should not engage in discriminatory, harassing or aggressive behaviour towards any other person at any time.

Any form of harassment or victimisation may lead to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal if it is committed:

- in a work situation
- during any situation related to work, such as a social event
- against an employee or other person connected to the employer outside of a work situation, including on social media
- against anyone outside of a work situation where the incident is relevant to their suitability to carry out the role.

A breach of this policy will be treated as a disciplinary manner.

The Council's Responsibilities

GPPC will:

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- be responsible for ensuring all colleagues, including seniors and those within management positions, understand the rules and policies relating to the prevention of harassing and bullying behaviour at work and during work-related social events.
- will promote a professional and positive workplace whereby managers are alert and proactively identify areas of risk and incidents of harassment, sexual harassment and bullying.
- take into account aggravating factors, such as abuse of power over a more junior colleague, when deciding what disciplinary action to take.

Where an incident is witness, or a complaint is made under this policy, the Council will take prompt action to deal with this matter. All incidents will be deemed serious and dealt within in a sensitive and confidential manner.

Complaining about Harassment and/or Bullying

Informal Method

GPPC recognise that complaints of personal harassment, and particularly of sexual harassment, can sometimes be of a sensitive or intimate nature and that it may not be appropriate for you to raise the issue through our normal grievance procedure.

In these circumstances you are encouraged to raise such issues with a senior colleague of your choice (whether or not that person has a direct supervisory responsibility for you) as a confidential helper.

If you are the victim of minor harassment you should make it clear to the harasser on an informal basis that their behaviour is unwelcome and ask the harasser to stop. If you feel unable to do this verbally then you should hand a written request to the harasser, and your confidential helper can assist you in this.

Formal Method

Where the informal approach fails or if the harassment is more serious, you should bring the matter to the attention of the Parish Clerk as a formal written grievance and again your confidential helper can assist you in this. If possible, you should keep notes of the harassment so that the written complaint can include:

- the name of the alleged harasser
- the nature of the alleged harassment
- the dates and times when the alleged harassment occurred
- the names of any witnesses
- any action already taken by you to stop the alleged harassment.

Where it is not possible to make the formal complaint to the Parish Clerk, for example where they are the alleged harasser, we would encourage you to raise your complaint to the Chair of the Council or the HR Wellbeing in the Workplace Councillor.

On receipt of a formal complaint we will take action to separate you from the alleged harasser to enable an uninterrupted investigation to take place. This may involve a temporary transfer of the alleged harasser to another work area or suspension with contractual pay until the matter has been resolved.



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On conclusion of the investigation, which will normally be within 14 days of the meeting with you, a report of the findings will be submitted to the manager who will hold the grievance meeting.

You will be invited to attend a meeting, at a reasonable time and location, to discuss the matter once the person hearing the grievance has had opportunity to read the report.

You have the right to be accompanied at such a meeting by a colleague or a union representative and you must take all reasonable steps to attend.

Those involved in the investigation will be expected to act in confidence and any breach of confidence will be a disciplinary matter.

You will be able to put your case forward at the meeting and the manager will explain the outcome of the investigation. You have a right to appeal the outcome, which is to be made to the Parish Clerk within 7 days of receiving the outcome.

If the decision is that the allegation is well founded, the harasser will be liable to disciplinary action in accordance with our disciplinary procedure up to and including dismissal.

The Council is committed to ensuring employees are not discouraged from using this procedure and no employee will be victimised for having brought a complaint.

Formal complaint about a councillor regarding a breach of the code of conduct will be referred to the Monitoring Officer for investigation by GPPC.

Specialist Help and Support (Useful Links)

Further information on specialist help and support is available at [Specialist help and support - Sexual harassment - Acas](#)

Women who've experienced sexual harassment at work can get free legal advice from [Rights of Women](#) – England and Wales

If you need someone to talk to, you can contact:

- [Samaritans](#)
- [LGBT Foundation](#)

Policy Monitoring

We recognise that we have a duty to implement this policy and all employees are expected to comply with it.

This policy is reviewed annually by the Parish Clerk or in response to government changes in legislation and is submitted to the Full Council for approval.